Republican Party of Texas Criminal Justice Reform Resolutions

Resolution relating to cell phone data privacy

Resolution relating to abolishing Texas' Driver Responsibility Program

Resolution relating to militarization of police

Resolution relating to Civil Penalty for Marijuana Offense

Resolution relating to Medical Cannabis

Resolution relating to Civil Asset Forfeiture

Resolution relating to arrest and jail for non-jailable minor offenses like traffic tickets

Resolution relating to Pre-trial Release

Resolution relating to raising the age of criminal responsibility from 17 to 18 years

Resolution relating to "consent" searches at traffic stops

Resolution relating to use of force reporting

Resolution related to our bloated prison system

Resolution to adopt the Scott Walker juvenile justice model

Resolution to treat drug addiction and reduce crime

Resolution to defend the rights of citizens accused

Resolution to end debtor's prison in Texas

Resolution relating to cell phone data privacy

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to protect citizens' current and historic technologically available location data by requiring a warrant based on probable cause for governments to request access except in the case of an immediate, life threatening situation; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Republican party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to require appropriate policies regarding the disclosure of data collection when no criminal case is filed, along with rules for retention, security, and sale of location data.

Adopted thi	.s	_ day of _		2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convent	ion #			

- The 4th Amendment of the Constitution protects "the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures" and states "no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause."
- Government agencies now use a range of technologies from license plate readers to war-zone surveillance tools like "stingrays" to a citizen's own cell phone -- to track individuals who are not suspects in a crime.
- The location data available to government provides a highly intimate picture of our lives what church we attend, what medical doctor we visit, where we shop and much more.
- Federal, state and local governments collect a large volume of highly accurate location data through tens of thousands of ¹ requests each year to phone companies, all without a warrant based on probable cause.
- Federal, state and local governments can retain this detailed information about our daily lives indefinitely without any requirement that a case be filed or that tracking be disclosed.

¹https://www.marketwatch.com/story/supreme-court-to-weigh-warrantless-cellphone-and-internet-data-searches-2017-11-29

Resolution relating to abolishing Texas' Driver Responsibility Program

BE IT	RESOLVED,	that	the Repu	ablic	an Part	y of Tex	as calls upo	n the
Texas	Legislatur	e to	abolish	the	failed	Driver's	Responsibil	ity
Progra	ım.							
Adopte	ed this	_ day	of		2018,	at the _		County
Republ	ican Party	Prec	inct Cor	nvent	ion #	•		

- Texas believes in holding individuals personally accountable for their actions in a fair and just manner.
- Under current law, the Driver Responsibility Program requires
 Texans with certain driving-related violations to pay a double
 penalty of surcharges in addition to existing fines, fees, and
 court costs or risk automatic suspension of their drivers'
 licenses.
- The Driver Responsibility Program has resulted in more than 1.2 million Texans having their licenses suspended due to drivers' inability to pay the surcharges.
- The Driver Responsibility Program has created a permanent underclass by creating a severe economic hardship.

Resolution relating to militarization of police

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to implement reporting and training standards to disclose how much military-grade material is sent to local law enforcement entities under the Department of Defense's 1033 program and ensure that it is being used appropriately; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Legislature to require a local governing authority over a police force to approve, by vote, an application or grant request prior to the request being made to a federal agency.

Adopted thi	s day	y of	, 2018	, at	the	 County
Republican	Party Pred	cinct Conve	ention #		•	

- Law enforcement is a wholly civilian institution tasked with ensuring domestic order and public safety.
- Providing police departments with military-grade weaponry while requiring no additional training creates a dangerous environment for both law enforcement officers and the public.
- Military vehicles and weapons designed for war, where the goal is to maximize harm to enemy combatants, are inappropriate for domestic policing where officers must instead protect the community and respect constitutionally guaranteed individual rights.
- The appearance of police as a military force in a community depersonalizes officers and diminishes trust.
- Under the Department of Defense's 1033 program, hundreds of millions of taxpayer dollars' worth of military weaponry, vehicles, and support equipment has been handed down to local police departments, sheriff's offices, and school districts with inadequate training and oversight.

Resolution relating to Civil Penalty for Marijuana Offense

ΒE	ΙT	RESOLVI	ED that	t the	Republica	an Part	y of	Texas	s cal	.ls ı	ipor	th	e
Тех	as	Legisla	ature 1	to mak	ce possess	sion of	an	ounce	or 1	ess	of	mar	ijuana
for	pe	rsonal	use a	civil	offense	punish	able	by a	fine	e of	up	to	\$100,
wit	hou	ıt jail	time o	or the	e creation	n of a	crim	inal :	recor	d.			

Adopted tha	is	_ day of .	, 2018,	at	the	County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention #			

- Enforcement of marijuana prohibition takes law enforcement resources away from more urgent public safety priorities and yet fails to achieve success in reducing marijuana use and availability.
- In 2016, police logged almost 70,000 arrests for simple possession of marijuana one arrest every 8 minutes².
- Taxpayers pay hundreds of millions each year to arrest, book, magistrate, incarcerate, release, and supervise people for simple marijuana possession³.
- Youth are disproportionately arrested for simple possession of marijuana⁴, and the criminal charge can limit that young person's access to jobs, educational loans, and much more.
- A criminal conviction for even small amounts of marijuana can carry a lifetime of collateral consequence. These indirect forms of punishment include hindered access to education and employment. A conviction also triggers an automatic drivers license suspension.

http://www.dps.texas.gov/crimereports/16/citCh9.pdf

³ American Civil Liberties Union. The War on Marijuana in Black and White. p 178. June 2013. https://www.aclu.org/files/assets/1114413-mj-report-rfs-rell.pdf

^{4 &}lt;a href="http://www.dps.texas.gov/crimereports/16/citCh9.pdf">http://www.dps.texas.gov/crimereports/16/citCh9.pdf, p. 75

Resolution relating to Medical Cannabis

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to improve the Compassionate Use Program to allow doctors to determine the appropriate use of cannabis for their patients; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Department of Public Safety should reduce excessive licensure fees and authorize more companies to enter the market so that medical dispensaries can open and ensure reasonable access for patients all across the state.

Adopted thi	.s da	ay of		2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party Pre	ecinct Con	venti	Lon #		_•	

- The 2016 Republican Party of Texas Platform states: "Health care decisions... should be between a patient and health care professional and should be protected from government intrusion."
- Physicians, in conjunction with their patients, should be allowed to make medical decisions and explore all potential treatment options including medical cannabis/marijuana.
- 29 states have passed medical marijuana freedom laws with several more likely to do so by the end of 2018. [2]
- President Donald Trump has supported and campaigned on medical marijuana being available to all.^[3]
- The US is facing an unprecedented opiate epidemic. Studies have shown significantly fewer (25%) opioid related deaths in states that allow medical marijuana; [7]
- Recent studies have suggested that cannabis use in pain patients has significantly decreased opioid use.
- The National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine (NASEM) have found that marijuana helps relieve cancer patients with chemotherapy induced vomiting and nausea, [12] while other studies show it can help with chronic pain in adults [1] and reduce prescription medication use. [11]
- Polling has shown large majority support for medical marijuana including up to 93% support in a recent Quinnipiac poll. [9]

- The New England Journal of Medicine found 76% of doctors support medical marijuana. [10]
- The Texas Legislature passed the Texas Compassionate Use Program during the 2015 legislative session providing access to low-THC cannabis oil for patients with intractable epilepsy.
- The Department of Public Safety set license fees at \$488,000 per company, and after 43 companies across the state applied, issued only three licenses, all in central Texas.
- This excessive regulation has limited access to the Compassionate Use Program, causing Texas parents to take their children to other states to obtain marijuana to effectively treat epilepsy.

Footnotes:

- Compassionate Use Act We call upon the Texas Legislature to improve the 2015 Compassionate Use Act to allow doctors to determine the appropriate use of cannabis to prescribed patients.
 - https://www.texasqop.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/PERM-PLATFORM.pdf
- Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia. Also, Washington, D.C., Puerto Rico, and Guam.
- 3. "The marijuana thing is such a big thing. I think medical should happen right? Don't we agree? I really think so. And then I believe we should leave it up to the states."

 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PWIQhDbs1g8&authuser=0
- 4. https://www.nap.edu/catalog/24625/the-health-effects-of-cannabis-and-cannabinoids-the-current-state
- 5. https://archive.legion.org/bitstream/handle/123456789/6918/2017N028.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y
- 6. http://ns.umich.edu/new/releases/23622-medical-marijuana-reduces-use-of-opioid-pain-meds-decreases-risk-for-some-with-chronic-pain
- 7. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4392651/
- 8. https://www.cbsnews.com/pictures/free-pot-federal-program-ships-marijuana-to-four/
- 9. https://poll.qu.edu/national/release-detail?ReleaseID=2432
- 10. https://www.cbsnews.com/news/survey-76-percent-of-doctors-approve-of-medical-marijuana-use/
- 11. $\underline{\text{http://content.healthaffairs.org/content/35/7/1230}}$
- 12. http://www8.nationalacademies.org/onpinews/newsitem.aspx?RecordID=24625
- 13. http://www.ncsl.org/documents/standcomm/sccomfc/2016_CFI_Policies.pdf

Resolution relating to Civil Asset Forfeiture

BE I	r R	ESOLVED,	that	the	Republica	an Par	ty o	f Texas	calls u	pon the
Texas	s L	egislatur	e to	abol	lish civi	l asset	t fo	rfeiture	e and to	ensure
priva	ate	property	only	be	forfeite	d upon	a c	riminal	convict	ion.
Adopt	ted	this	_ day	of		2018,	at	the		_ County
Repub	bli	can Party	Prec	inct	c Convent	ion #		•		

- The United States is unique in the world both in terms of adherence to the rule of law and due process.
- The people of Texas celebrate a rich history of private property rights and government accountability.
- The practice known as civil asset forfeiture allows the state to permanently take a person's property without so much as an allegation of criminal conduct.
- When the government takes property, a person has to sue in civil court to get it back.
- Most people cannot afford to fight the government in civil court and end up forfeiting their cars, cash, or other property in what is called a "default judgement" against them.
- The total value of assets forfeited directly to government agencies through federal, state, and local civil asset forfeiture is now greater than the value of property stolen in burglaries nationwide.
- Civil asset forfeiture is counter to the most fundamental traditions of our criminal justice system and individual liberties.

Resolution relating to arrest and jail for non-jailable minor offenses like traffic tickets

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to authorize the arrest and jailing of individuals only for offenses for which jail is a punishment or to prevent family violence.

Adopted thi	_S	_ day of		2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convent	ion #			

- The Republican Party of Texas is committed to freedom from undue government interference in the daily lives of Texans.
- Violating traffic laws and certain other misdemeanor offenses are not punished with jail time because the law says the punishment for these violations is a fine.
- Police officers who pull someone over for such violations have been allowed to arrest and book them nonetheless - leading to jail time for non-jailable offenses.
- Officers have abused that discretion with respect to legally carrying gun owners like a Rosenberg, Texas man jailed in 2015 for failure to signal after he told the officer who pulled him over that he was legally carrying a handgun in the car.
- Officers have been caught on video threatening drivers who did not believe they could be arrested for a non-jailable traffic ticket and did not get out of the car fast enough.
- Texans jailed for infractions that do not have jail as an allowable consequence spend hours and sometimes days in jail, with incalculable harm to themselves and their families.
- A study of arrests in Harris Co. (Texas Criminal Justice Coalition) found that 11% of all arrests were for Class C misdemeanors punishable by fine only, mostly traffic violations.
- An unnecessary arrest for something as minor as a traffic infraction takes officers off the road for hours, prevents them from investigating more serious crimes, costs taxpayers a steep price in booking and magistration, and makes traffic stops less safe for both officers and drivers.

Resolution relating to Pre-trial Release

ΒE	ΙT	RESOI	LVED,	tha	t the	Repu	ublica	an Pa	arty	of '	Texas	call	s upor	n the	
Тех	kas	Legis	slatu	ire t	o ensi	ıre <u>:</u>	juriso	dict	ions	rel	y on	data	about	risk	in
mak	king	rele	ease	deci	sions	and	set t	the i	least	re	stric	tive	releas	se	
cor	ndit	ions	on e	each	defend	dant	elia	ible	for	pre	-tria	l rel	ease.		

Adopted thi	_S	_ day of _	, 20	18,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention	#			

- Every person has a presumption of innocence.
- Historically, Texas counties use money bail to determine who stays in jail and who is released while a criminal case is pending trial.
- Money bail allows dangerous people with resources, like Robert Durst, to be released and flee to commit more crimes.
- Tens of thousands of Texans who are not a public safety threat are jailed for months or even years just because their families do not have money for bail.
- Keeping people who do not need to be jailed in jail costs Texas millions of dollars in jail expenses, lost productivity, tax revenue, and social services.
- Conservative states like Kentucky provide judges with information about the risk of flight or the likelihood of a defendant committing a crime to help make release decisions, which improves public safety and saves taxpayers money.
- A recent Texas A&M study of two urban Texas counties found that the county using a risk assessment tool to help judges decide who to release had fewer defendants who committed violent crimes while on pre-trial release and none who committed homicide in the 3.5 years studied.
- In the same study, defendants released because they could afford to pay bail committed 53% more violent felonies while out on bail, including 18 homicides in the 3.5 years studied.
- States with risk-based systems, like Kentucky, maintain a very high rate of court appearances and low rates of re-arrest before trial.

Resolution relating to raising the age of criminal responsibility from 17 to 18 years

BE	IT	RESOLVED,	that	the R	kepub.	licar	n Par	ity o	f Te	exas	calls	upon	the	
Tex	kas	Legislatu	re to	raise	the	age	of c	crimi	nal	resp	onsibi	ility	from	17
to	18	years.												
Ado	pte	ed this	da	y of _		, 2	2018,	at	the			Co	ounty	

Republican Party Precinct Convention # .

- Under Texas law, all 17 year olds are prosecuted as adults when they break the law, regardless of the violation or any extenuating circumstances.
- In all but four other states, teens are prosecuted as adults starting at age 18 or even 19.
- If Texas law does not change, taxpayers must pay for significant renovation of county jails to accommodate 17-year old prisoners under the federal Prison Rape Elimination Act.
- Every parent knows that a junior in high school is not an adult.
- When a 17 year old is arrested, officers are not required to notify his or her parents because the teen is treated as an adult even if still living at home and attending high school.
- We now know that the human brain continues to develop into a person's twenties, particularly the portions of the brain associated with risk assessment and cognitive reasoning.
- Teens prosecuted in the adult system are 34% more likely to violently reoffend than youth in the juvenile justice system.
- Research shows teenagers who commit crimes are far more likely to rehabilitate and age out of crime than older people, but those incarcerated in inappropriate adult facilities can instead become more dangerous by the time of their release.

Resolution relating to "consent" searches at traffic stops

BE IT	RESOLVED,	that t	the Rep	ublican	Party o	of Texas	calls	upo	n the
Texas	Legislatu	re to 1	require	officer	s to ge	et writt	en or	reco	rded
conse	nt to cond	uct a s	search a	and info	orm peop	ple that	they	can	decline
to gi	ve such co	nsent.							

Adopted thi	_S	_ day of _	, 20	18,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention	#			

- The 4th Amendment of the Constitution protects "the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures" and states "no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause."
- Police conduct thousands of "consent" searches of motorists and their cars each year.
- Most people do not understand their rights or do not feel like they can reasonably say "no" when asked for consent to search by an officer at a roadside stop.
- The presence in the car of a gun owned by a licensed gun owner can result in further, more invasive kinds of search "for officer safety" even if there is no probable cause for further investigation of the driver.

Resolution relating to use of force reporting

ΒE	ΙT	RESOI	LVED,	that	the	Rep	ublicar	n Pa	arty	of	Tex	as (call	Ls	upon	the	
Tex	kas	Legis	slatu	re to	expa	and	current	: st	tatev	vide	us	e o:	ffc	orc	e re	porti	ing
to	ind	clude	all	incide	ents	res	ulting	in	inju	ıry	to	eitl	ner	a	civi	lian	or
an	off	ficer.															

Adopted th:	is	_ day of _	, 2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention #			

- Law enforcement is trusted with the ability to legally use force.
- There have been many recent examples of force being used inappropriately, leading to the escalation of a situation and the loss of life.
- Many of these situations could have been avoided if best practices were in place.
- It is critical to identify departments that are using use-of-force best practices for praise and identify those that need additional training.

Resolution related to our bloated prison system

BE IT RESOLVED that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to direct the Parole Board to parole old, infirm inmates to nursing homes and direct TDCJ to consolidate inmate populations and close TDCJ and private prisons;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Texas should shift money saved by facility closure to other public safety priorities or return it to taxpayers.

Adopted thi	s day	y of	, 201	8, at	the	County
Republican	Party Pred	cinct Conv	ention	#		

- Crime rates have dropped precipitously in the past 20 years, but the prison system remains at nearly its peak size.
- There are thousands of empty beds in the prison system's 109 facilities, which could be consolidated.
- Many facilities are severely short staffed, and the state cannot find people willing to go to these locations for these jobs.
- Understaffed facilities are less safe for both those who work in them and for the surrounding communities.
- Some facilities now require significant repair and TDCJ asked for \$55.6 million for repairs in the last legislative session.
- The inmate population is aging, and inmate health care now costs about \$250 million per biennium.

Resolution to adopt the Scott Walker juvenile justice model

BE IT	RESOLVED,	that	the Rep	publican	Party	of Texas	calls	upon th	1e
Texas	Legislatu	re to	close '	Texas' f	ive rem	aining y	outh pr	isons a	and
follow	w Scott Wa	lker's	model	in Wisco	onsin,	shifting	youth	to small	ller
facil	ities clos	er to	family	and focu	used on	rehabil	itation	١.	

Adopted thi	_S	_ day of _	, 20	18,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention	#			

- Texas' juvenile prisons, located mostly in distant rural areas, are seriously understaffed and suffer from a staff turnover rate of 40% per year.
- Disastrous conditions in understaffed state juvenile prisons lead to the recent scandals in which eight guards allegedly sexually assaulted juveniles under their control.
- A majority of youth imprisoned in violent and dangerous state juvenile facilities will eventually be released back into their communities.
- Juveniles incarcerated in violent and dangerous state facilities can become more dangerous by the time of their release.
- Conservative Wisconsin Governor Scott Walker is solving similar public safety problems in his state by closing dangerous juvenile prisons and returning youth to smaller facilities near urban areas where hiring is less difficult and facilities can be managed using best practices for addressing youthful offenders.

Resolution to treat drug addiction and reduce crime

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to reclassify possession of very small quantities of addictive drugs from a felony to Class A misdemeanor and use some of the savings to support increased access to drug treatment.

Adopted thi	İs	_ day of _	, 2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convention #			

- Texas primarily addresses all forms of drug addiction through punishment by felony sentencing and incarceration.
- Oklahoma voters passed an initiative to reduce simple possession of a small quantity of addictive drugs to a misdemeanor in order to better address addiction.
- Other conservative states like Tennessee and South Carolina have moved in the same direction, changing the penalty for simple possession of user quantities of addictive drugs to a misdemeanor for most arrests.
- Texas taxpayers spend more than \$70 million each biennium to repeatedly incarcerate addicts, and the system provides little or no treatment to most inmates.
- Everyone incarcerated for a drug possession offense will be released back into the community, and almost two thirds of them will be re-arrested and cycle back through the system.
- A felony drug possession charge permanently limits people's job prospects, access to education, and much more, making it harder to recover from addiction.
- Addicts are less likely to relapse if they get treatment locally, close to family, church, and the people who care most for them.
- Reduced relapse rates combined with increased job opportunities for people addressing their addiction will significantly reduce the need for prison beds.

Resolution to defend the rights of citizens accused

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Republican Party of Texas calls upon the Texas Legislature to increase state funding for indigent defense to match county expenditures, create a public defender office for death-penalty appeals, and fully fund the Office of Capital and Forensic Writs.

Adopted thi	.s da	ay of	, 2	2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party Pre	ecinct Con	nventic	on #			

- Every Texan has a right to an attorney in a criminal case, even if he or she cannot pay for one, under the Sixth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.
- Many law enforcement agencies, from national to local, have engaged in examples of overreach which violate people's constitutional rights and sometimes result in the conviction of innocent people.
- Examples of inappropriate and unjustified witch hunts against conservatives by the government abound, including the attacks on Donald Trump and Rick Perry who were able to afford a strong defense.
- Prosecutors, protected by absolute immunity, have hidden exculpatory evidence and cut deals with shady informants leading to the conviction of innocent people.
- The US Supreme Court has repeatedly overturned otherwise legitimate death-penalty sentences because the convicted person was poor and did not get reasonable representation by a lawyer at trial.
- The Office of Capital and Forensic Writs has helped identify people who might be innocent due to now-invalidate "junk science."
- The due process requirements for capital cases have nearly bankrupted some Texas counties, and a public defender system for such cases would reduce the cost to local property tax payers.
- The Texas Association of Counties cites indigent defense costs as one of the biggest unfunded mandates driving up local property taxes.

Resolution to end debtor's prison in Texas

BE I	T RE	SOLVE	D, th	at the	Republ	ican	Party	of	Texas	calls	upon	the
Texa	s Le	gisla	ture	to ena	ct laws	that	end '	the	uncons	stitut	ional	
inca	rcer	ation	ofi	ndivid	uals be	cause	they	car	not pa	ay tic	kets,	fines,
and	fees	for	minor	infra	ctions,	incl	uding	tra	affic v	violat	ions.	

Adopted th:	is	_ day of		2018,	at	the	 County
Republican	Party	Precinct	Convent	ion #			

- There are millions of arrest warrants issued annually in Texas for tickets, fines, and fees.
- Arresting, booking, and jailing people who could not afford to pay a traffic fine takes police officers away from duties related to more serious crime.
- 95 percent of all arrest warrants are for Class C misdemeanors the lowest level criminal charge for which the maximum punishment is a \$500 fine.⁵
- In 1833 the United States abolished imprisonment for unpaid tickets, fines, and fees, and the Supreme Court declared 100 years later that imprisoning people for being poor was unconstitutional under the Fourteenth Amendment.
- Hundreds of thousands of Texans cannot renew expired licenses until their fines and fees are paid off.
- Many Texans have no choice but to pay fine-only misdemeanor cases in whole or in part with "jail credit," which involves sitting in jail to pay off your tickets, fines, and fees.
- The cost of housing an individual in county jail is an average of \$59/day, and the cost of the "pay or stay" practice is an unnecessary waste of taxpayers' money.
- The money and time spent issuing and magistrating these warrants for low-level misdemeanors is also a needless consumption of taxpayers' money.

⁵